

RE Knowledge Organiser Year 5:

What does it mean if Christians believe God is holy and loving?

Key vocabulary

Divine – like a God

Psalm – a book of the bible containing songs

Traditional – something that is long established

Contemporary – belonging to the present

Compare – note the similarities or differences

Humanist – someone who doesn't believe in God

Concept – Shared symbols and rituals (RE1)

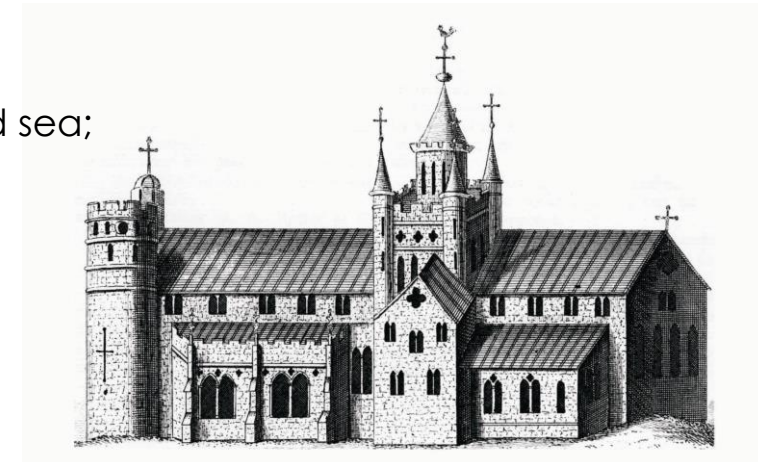
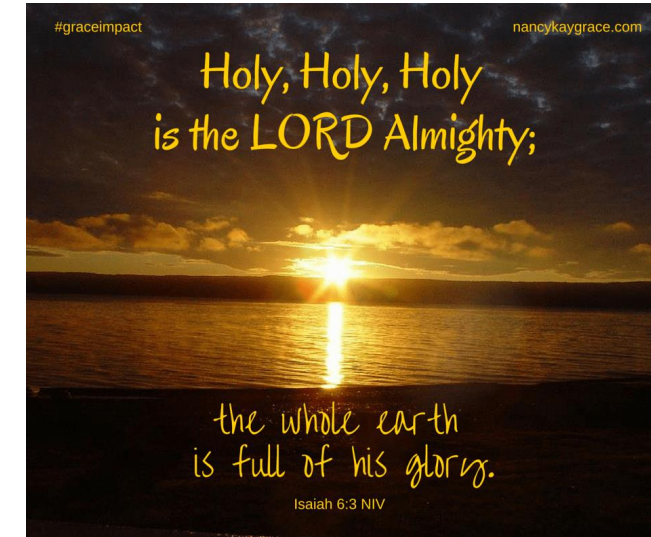
Holy, holy, holy! Lord God Almighty!
Early in the morning our song shall rise to thee;
holy, holy, holy! merciful and mighty,
God in three persons, blessed Trinity!

Holy, holy, holy! All the saints adore thee,
casting down their golden crowns around the glassy sea;
cherubim and seraphim falling down before thee,
who wert and art and evermore shalt be.

Holy, holy, holy! Though the darkness hide thee,
though the eye made blind by sin thy glory may not see,
only thou art holy; there is none beside thee,
perfect in power, in love, and purity.

Holy, holy, holy! Lord God Almighty!
All thy works shall praise thy name, in earth and sky and sea;
holy, holy, holy! merciful and mighty,
God in three persons, blessed Trinity!

Hymn written by Richard Heber and published after his death in 1861



RE Knowledge Organiser Year 5: What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?

Concept – shared symbols and rituals (RE1)



Key Vocabulary

Qu'ran – holy book of the Islamic faith

Shahadah – a pillar of faith

Sunnah – a way of life, a path

Festival – a day or a period of time of celebration

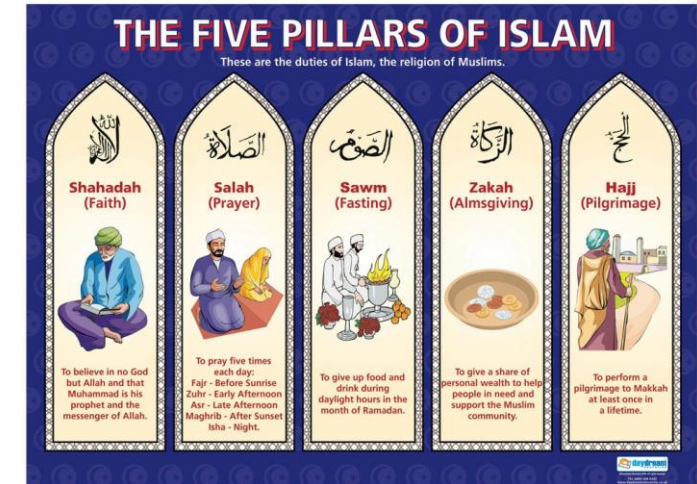
Shi'a – a main branch of Islam

Sufi – a Muslim mystic

To be a Muslim is a deeply personal and spiritual sense of being that is individual to every Muslim. Of the Sunnah teachings, my favourite is to smile. Smiling is considered a form of charity in Islam and epitomises what being a Muslim means to me. Although, these can be interpreted differently one binding belief is the Shahadah; "There is no god but God, Muhammad is the messenger of God." Growing up as a Muslim in London was a unifying experience expressed through actions of kindness and consideration for neighbours, the elderly and each other - regardless of faith. Sadiya Ahmed London



Qu'ran



RE Knowledge Organiser Year 5:

Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah?

Key vocabulary

Anoint – rub/smear with oil

Old Testament – first part of the Bible

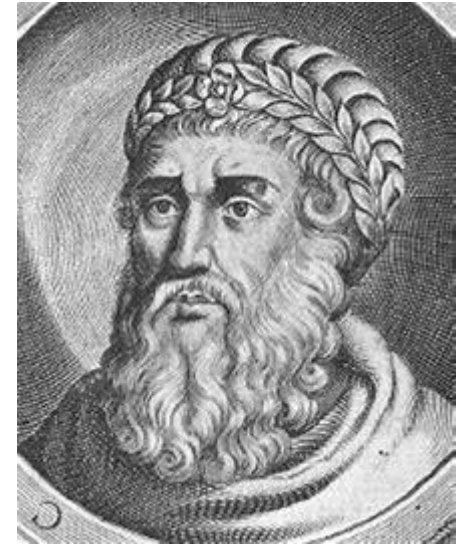
Incarnation – belief in Jesus as God 'in the flesh'

Saviour – God or Jesus as a redeemer

New Testament – second part of the bible

Belief – a religious conviction.

Messiah' means 'Anointed One'. In Old Testament times kings were anointed. Priests were also anointed. This anointing was symbolic. It showed they had been set apart by God, for a special, God-ordained purpose. In Greek, the word Messiah is written as 'Christ'. When Christians talk about Jesus Christ, they are not giving Jesus a surname. It is a title – a statement that he is indeed the Anointed One promised by the prophets, come to lead his people and bring them back to God.



Herod



RE Knowledge Organiser Year 5: Why is the Torah so important to Jewish people?

Concept – Ultimate questions(RE3)

Key Vocabulary

Torah – Jewish scrolls containing 5 books of Moses

Kosher – food which follows the requirements of Jewish law

Belief – acceptance of something

Commandment – a divine rule

Ark – cupboard where the scrolls are kept.

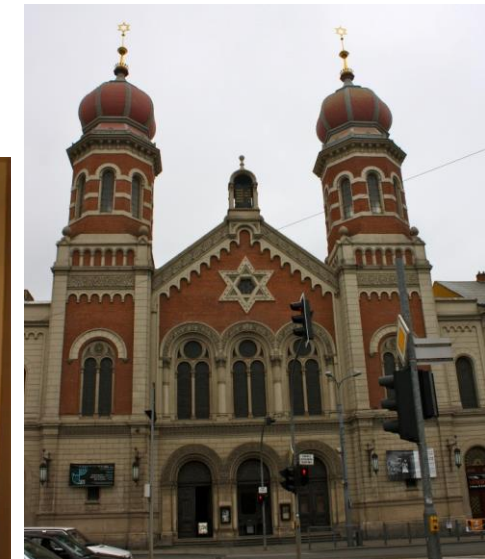
Scroll – a roll of parchment.

The Torah is written in Hebrew, the oldest of the Jewish languages and Jews believe that G-d dictated it to Moses. It's the first part of the Jewish bible and is considered to be the most important document of Judaism.

Jewish people believe that the Torah shows how G-d wants them to live as it contains 613 commandments.

The Torah has various meanings in English including: teaching, instruction and law

The Torah is kept safely in an ark in the synagogue



synagogue

RE Knowledge Organiser Year 5: Christians and how to live: What would Jesus do?

Concept – living a good life (RE2)

Key Vocabulary

Parables – stories with a meaning

Morals – principals of right and wrong

Generosity – the quality of being kind

Slogan – memorable phrase

Archbishop – a bishop of the highest rank

Jesus taught his followers how to live through the telling of parables and after his death they carried on his teachings, although without the miracles.

'What would Jesus do?' is a slogan used in 1896 by Charles Sheldon (USA) when he asked an entire town not to do anything without first asking that question.

In 2011, the Archbishop of Canterbury said, "whilst it's a good question, "Christians don't believe that Jesus is there just to give us a good example in every possible human situation,"

Is it possible for Christians to live as Jesus would want them to in the 21st century?



Matthew 22:37–40; 'Love your enemies',



RE Knowledge Organiser Year 5: What matters most to Humanists and Christians?

Concept – living a good life(RE2)

Key vocabulary

Ethics – govern a person’s behaviour

Values – standards of behaviour

Christian – follower of Christ

Humanist – does not believe in God

Diverse – different

Humanist – does not believe in a God

Some Christians believe that a code for living can be summed up by Jesus’ two rules – love God and love your neighbour. Whilst other Christians strictly follow the commandments Moses was given by God.

There are, however, some non-religious groups, like Humanists that believe that people should work out their own way of being good without any reference to a ‘divine being’. This is because they believe people should use reason to work things out.

Both these groups share similarities and differences in their values – it’s the beliefs behind them that are diverse.

GOOD or BAD



The Fruit of the Spirit

